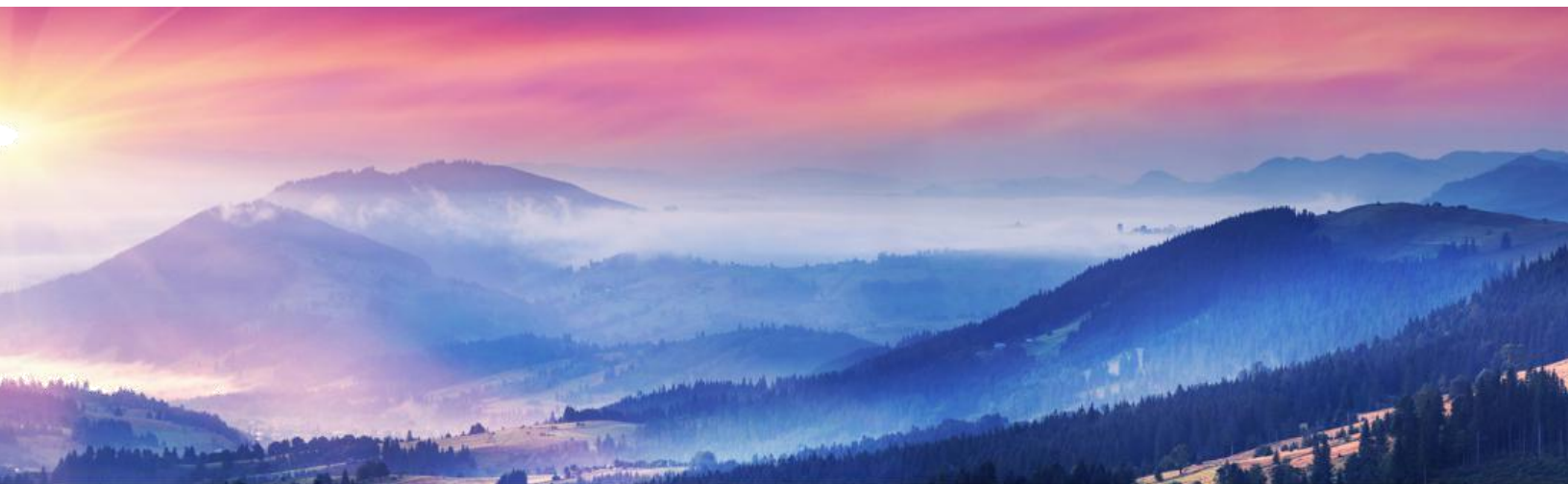




PARTNERSHIP WITHOUT BORDERS

CODE VDIC (HUSKROUA/1702/8.1/0035)

Output 1.4.
Volunteer Network Workplan
2020

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Introduction

Common Development of Volunteer Disaster Intervention Capability CODE VDIC project partners have been established Support Network for the Common Development of Volunteer Intervention Disaster Capability. The network's inaugural meeting was preceded by the signing the document on which the network activity is based, the „Voluntary Disaster Intervention Capacity Co-Development Support Network Agreement Protocol/Memorandum of Understanding”. The agreed and accepted, according to the agreement, the project partner responsible for the network, the municipality of Kráľovský Chlmec, develops a draft work plan and agrees with the other project partners. The work plan will be elaborated, according to laid down and agreed in the network cooperation agreement principles of the project partners. One of today's biggest challenges, the epidemic affecting the entire continent, confirms the presumption of a probable increase in the number of natural and civilizational disasters in the Carpathian region. Dealing with an emergency caused by an epidemic, increasing the number of victims, anomalies caused by climate change, causing increasing economic damage and social tension, increasing the risks in the program area. These risks have serious consequences for the population and threaten the environment. With the increasing incidence of multi-factor damage events, the likelihood requires new design and maintain of the integrated, network collaboration. The success of network activities can only be ensured through careful planning. Important element and basic document of planning is the work plan. The basic guiding principle of the work plan is integrated approach of the voluntary disaster management intervention, inhabitant's protection support, and flexible resilience. An essential element of regional co-operation is this rapprochement for joint action between the countries, administrative regions, municipalities, universities, research institutes, church and non-governmental organizations and volunteers in the program area. In the program area, as result of unexpected and periodic crises and effects threatening the communities, the population's striving for security appears as an expectation for both professional and voluntary intervening organizations. In favour of develop of the inhabitant expected security, the best tool is the multi-player integrated network collaboration. achieve the set goals, it is necessary to develop activities in the following areas:

Voluntary Disaster Intervention Capacity Co-Development Support Disaster Network development and expansion, extension.

Stable relationship is being established between the voluntary disaster and civil protection organizations and the authorities, the scientific community, and the civil protection intervention staff.

The cooperation is being developed between the partners, to facilitate the exchange of information, to apply common intervention procedures in the emergency event of both national and transnational disasters.

Creation and development of partnership based common intervention power is being supported and disseminated and applied civil protection knowledge.

Increasing the level of resilience, self-defence, preparedness, and information of the population.

Involvement of social target groups (youth, the elderly, the disabled) in order to increase the resilience of the population.

In the case of disasters and emergencies, the development of intervening voluntary organizations is a matter of human resource development on the one hand, and intervention procedures and technology development on the other. The optimal tool for the implementation and support of the two task systems is the network-centric approach. Organized on the basis of the principle of volunteering, the cross-border regional network of NGOs and volunteer professionals is one of the important objectives of the CODE VDIC project partners, both nationally and internationally. Increasing the resources of volunteers means, on the one hand, the involvement of wider and wider sections of society (recruitment), on the other hand, the retention / development / training of the existing staff, and the development of intervention procedures, technology, and tools. Voluntary human resource management means the purposeful influencing of the individual as a subject of development in order to improve their adaptability and preparedness, which is fully supported by the network capabilities of the project. The basic idea of the network is to establish a common, cross-border, disaster management, voluntary intervention, to reduce the dangers and to prepare the population living in the endangered area. The exchange of information during the network planning period and the founding meeting, in accordance with the objectives of the signed agreement, proposes the implementation of the following tasks for the implementation of the first year's network work, the partner responsible for the network.

1. VOLUNTARY DISASTER INTERVENTION CAPACITY CO-DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT DISASTER NETWORK DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION, EXTENSION

Voluntary Disaster Intervention Capacity Co-Development Support network is based on the existence of a community based on the exchange of expertise and information. So first, the network information exchange, pathways and coordination, building a common platform, must be given priority. Project partners will establish a network of national contact and contact points. A page should be created on the website of the responsible partner, indicating the contact details of the partners, and it is recommended to organize a monthly network meeting. During the network discussion day, in addition to the progress of the project, we recommend including the following topics for the development of the network organization:

TASK	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD (Quarter)	RESPONSIBLE PARTNER
<i>Preparation and reconciliation of information material supporting network extensions.</i>	1.	
<i>Web subpage design:</i> • <i>Network information</i> • <i>Partners access information</i> • <i>Conditions for joining</i> • <i>Network work information</i> • <i>News events</i>		
<i>Tracing potential NGOs (partners) based on certain criteria: (scope, number of members, number of volunteers, scope, operational stability, budget, professional implementation).</i>	1.	
Reconciliation of partnership intentions, exploring possible forms of cooperation and solutions.	1.-2.	
Formulate common interests, mutual advantage, and benefits.	1.-2.	

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<i>In order to extend the network, preparation of the Accession and Cooperation Agreement to the Network should be prepared. Considering the following main elements:</i> • <i>the subject of the agreement</i> • <i>relationship between the parties, responsibilities</i> • <i>Joint commitments of the Parties</i> • <i>The professional, organisational, coordination and communication and marketing tasks of the institution and the partner organisation</i> • <i>Final provisions: possibility of review and modification, frequency, provision of contact persons.</i>	1.-3.	
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2. ESTABLISHING A STABLE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM FOR VOLUNTARY DISASTER AND CIVIL PROTECTION ORGANIZATIONS, IN PARTICULAR AUTHORITIES, THE SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY AND THE CIVIL PROTECTION INTERVENTION

Disaster relief intervention and the protection of the population in the countries of the program area is a stable, state system based on many years of experience. In all four countries, an important system element is the volunteer intervention capacity of the intervention volunteer organizations. A significant number of voluntary intervention organizations, voluntary fire brigades, but also several special rescue organizations, are active in the area. Significant progress has been made, and organizations established to deal with flood and storm damage are also significant sources of danger in the program area. The role of church and charitable organizations is also significant in the field of disaster management. The involvement of non-governmental organizations, which do not choose disaster management as their main task, is also significant in the event of an emergency. Most of the time, they play an important role by undertaking a subtask that fits their profile and performing it at a professional level. Intervention, support, effectiveness, can be greatly improved by involving these organizations in the framework of networking activities. Thus, the extension of the network is the establishment of a relationship system as a national and cross-border community interest, which we plan to implement by performing the following tasks:

TASK	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD (Quarter)	RESPONSIBLE PARTNER
<i>Voluntary disaster and program area survey of civil protection organizations, in particular authorities, the scientific community and civil protection intervention staff.</i>	1.	
<i>Coordinate and send profit-oriented network information for the surveyed organizations.</i>	1.	
<i>Intention of partnership, coordination of form, exploration of possible forms of cooperation, solutions.</i>	1.	
<i>Network connection document, preparation, coordination, signing.</i>	1.-2.	

<i>Building information paths, coordinating areas of interest, involving them in network activities.</i>	<i>1.-3.</i>	
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3. SUPPORTING THE CREATION OF A COMMON INTERVENTION POWER AND DEVELOPMENT BASED ON PARTNERSHIP COOPERATION, DISSEMINATION AND APPLICATION OF CIVIL PROTECTION KNOWLEDGE

In the last decade, the number of natural and ecological disasters and social tensions endangering the population, material goods and the environment has increased in the program area. The dangers of civilization have become more complex, and the number of man-made emergencies has intensified. There is a legitimate expectation on the part of the communities in the program area that these events should be managed in a coordinated manner by dedicated organizations, including disaster management. This is a challenge, a development obligation, also for voluntary intervention organizations. Research development and innovation Supporting research development and innovation activities through network tools is in the common interest of the intervening organizations. It is in the common interest of the intervening organizations to support it through networking. It can be used to increase support for R&D activity information and avoid duplication of developments. The network is a good opportunity to prepare and launch further development projects. An important task of the network is to introduce project innovation opportunities and create new project partner communities.

TASK	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD (Quarter)	RESPONSIBLE PARTNER
<i>Survey of organizations interested in voluntary intervention research development and innovation activities inside the network.</i>	1.	
<i>Determining and assessing research development and innovation recruitments.</i>	1.	
<i>Quarterly development project opportunities for information material preparation and dissemination.</i>	1-4.	
<i>Tender partner exchange day</i>	1.-4.	
<i>Maintaining a common application partner search web interface.</i>	1.-3.	

4. INCREASING THE POPULATION RESILIENCE, SELF - PROTECTION, PREPAREDNESS, AND INFORMATION LEVEL

In the event of disasters, effective adaptation actions against impacts should focus on building resilience. They should aim to develop and ensure the capacity to deal with emerging threats, to respond to urgent and immediate threats. Intervening voluntary organizations should pursue a strategic approach to professional, networked long-term development. The fastest and most decisive intervention, the injured population, depends on its self-defence activities. Opportunities to increase the self-rescue capacity of the population can be divided into three groups. One is self-sufficiency, that is self-rescue, the other is co-rescue, and the third is active involvement in disaster relief. An integrated network-centric approach is essential for all three developments. As the level of emergency information and its resilience to resilience fundamentally affect the effectiveness of the intervention of voluntary organizations, the use of the established network and its capabilities, in this area as well, is an important development task in the program area.

TASK	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD (Quarter)	RESPONSIBLE PARTNER
<i>Assessing the need to increase the resilience of the population, defining target groups.</i>	1.	
<i>Preparation of a target group specific activity recommendation.</i>	1.	
<i>Examining the network support issues of the feasibility of population preparation programs.</i>	1-4.	
<i>Population resilience increase sample project proposal preparation.</i>	1.-4.	
<i>Population resilience increase sample project support search and project partner circle design, submission.</i>	1.-3.	

5. INVOLVING SOCIAL TARGET GROUPS (YOUTH, AGE, DISABLED) TO INCREASE THE RESILIENCE OF THE POPULATION

In preparation for and planning for the protection of the population and the increase of resilience, the development strategy of the CODE VDIC voluntary intervention network pays special attention to the following target groups in the program area.

- young people,
- the elderly,
- citizens in need of care,
- people with disabilities.

As part of the project's population campaigns, for elderly and disabled people, it develops complex and integrated supportive support activities, supportive preparation, which is mentally and physically limited for the injured, and supports the elderly in emergencies throughout the care process. It promotes the activity of providing basic and satisfactory living conditions for people in the event of extraordinary disasters. The voluntary intervention network places emphasis on the protection of particularly disadvantaged social groups in the event of emergencies. Those with impaired chances of accessing and using community services in emergencies. In addition to physical barriers, information and social barriers can also hamper the opportunities of certain citizens and social groups. By using an additional resource that affects the microenvironment of an increasingly aging population with a significant number of injured, mentally and physically restricted populations, it intends to provide an opportunity, through a voluntary intervention network, to increase the quality and safety of target groups during emergencies. We want to develop and operate an effective model, the introduction of which could be exemplary, both at local, national, and cross-border level. The negative effects of the development of the information communication society are also affecting this area. In emergencies, these groups are the most vulnerable to the effects of events. In order to eliminate the problem and strengthen positive social processes, our project may be suitable, in the case of the appropriate management of which integrated cooperation, joint preparation, public information can be planned, organized and implemented.

The examination of the complex and integrated support system and possibilities to be developed for the mentally and mentally restricted part of the disabled shows that the basis of successful activity is always, the analysis based on a realistic situation assessment, the increase of the efficiency of development based on this.

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TASK	IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD (Quarter)	RESPONSIBLE PARTNER
<i>Assessing the target groups in need of increased assistance and their emergency needs using the capabilities of the volunteer intervention network.</i>	1.	
<i>Preparation of a specific activity recommendation for target groups in need of increased assistance.</i>	1.	
<i>Examining the network support issues of the feasibility of population preparation programs in need of increased assistance.</i>	1-4.	
<i>Increased resilience of the population in need of increased assistance to prepare a sample project proposal.</i>	1.-4.	
<i>Increased resilience of the population in need of increased assistance sample project support search and project partner circle formation, submission.</i>	1.-3.	